20. Provision regarding 1200 hours of teaching, including 200 hours of remedial teaching, in a year to be enforced.

21. Centres for remedial teaching to be set up.

22. Improvements in pedagogical practices with a stress on interactive mode to be facilitated.

Agencies involved in Development of Land in Delhi

*77. SHRI ANANT RA` JAISWAL:
SHRI DIGVIJAY SINGH:

Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) what are the various agencies presently involved in the development of land in Delhi;

(b) whether Government have practically examined the question of involvement of multiple agencies in the development of land to assess the effectiveness of their co-ordination and achievement in the development of land;

(c) if so what is the outcome thereof; and

(d) the manner in which Government propose to remove the deficiencies?

THE MINISTER OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SMT. SHEILA KAUL): (a) Agencies presently involved in the development of land in Delhi are Delhi Development Authority, Delhi Administration and Central Public Works Department (for the purpose of Government use) who undertake land development with the help of city level infrastructure agencies such as Municipal Corporation of Delhi, Delhi Water Supply and Sewage Disposal Undertaking and Delhi Electric Supply Undertaking.

(b) Yes, Sir.

(c) and (d) The constitution of Delhi Development Authority provides for in-built coordination of various agencies concerned with infrastructure and land development. Apart from this, specific problems of coordination between Delhi Development Authority and other agencies are dealt with at the level of Delhi Administration which also supervises land development by its own agencies. Where the Central Public Works Department is involved, the coordination is effected through the Ministry of Urban Development. It is the intention of Government to ensure that the existing systems of coordination function effectively.

New Fertiliser pricing policy

*78. DR. NAUNIHAL SINGH: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether the new fertiliser pricing policy has led to a perceptible imbalance in the use of plant nutrients with consumption of phosphates declining sharply by forty per cent and that of nitrogen rising by twenty percent in the past couple of months;

(b) if so, the details of steps taken by Government to stop this trend;

(c) whether it is a fact that the fertiliser consumption in 1992-93 is anticipated to be substantially lower than last year; and

(d) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI BALRAM JAKHAR): (a) During Rabi 92-93, the likely decline in phosphate consumption would be about 15 per cent and rise in Nitrogen about 5.5 per cent compared to the same period during Rabi 91-92.

(b) To promote the continued use of phosphatic and potassic fertilisers, a sum of Rs. 340 crores was made available to State Governments for sale of decontrolled fertilizer to farmers at concessional rates during Rabi' 92-93.